



- A. Any suspensions issued by MYCA (winter cricket) shall consider the summer cricket season. The expiry date of the suspension may extend into the summer cricket season. This assumes that all winter cricketers play summer cricket.

*Examples: A suspension of 4 weeks in the last game of winter cricket season would extend into the summer season, and therefore, the expiry date of the suspension would be around 1 November.*

*A suspension of one year in the last game of winter cricket season would extend into the summer season, and therefore, the expiry date of the suspension would be around 31 August the following year. The player cannot in the next summer or winter season.*

- B. Any suspensions issued by summer associations shall not consider the winter cricket season and only consider the next summer season. This would prevent a player playing winter cricket subject to appeal as per paragraph C.

*Examples: A suspension of 4 weeks in the last game of summer cricket season would extend into the next summer season, and therefore, the expiry date of the suspension would be around 1 November. This means the player would not be able to play winter cricket.*

*A suspension of one year in the last game of the summer cricket season would extend into the next summer season, and therefore, the expiry date of the suspension would be around 1 March the following year. The player cannot in the next summer or winter season.*

- C. A suspension issued by a summer association may be appealed by a player to the MYCA executive if they want to have the suspension applied to the winter season. The MYCA executive would confirm the player has a history of playing winter cricket and would request the summer association to consider the suspension be served during the winter cricket season. Subject to approval of the summer association, the expiry date of the suspension would be adjusted as recommended by the MYCA. This appeal process is largely applicable to less serious offences with a suspension period of less than six months.

*Example: A player receives a suspension of 4 weeks in the last game of the summer cricket season. The suspension extends into the next summer season, and therefore, the expiry date of the suspension would be around 1 November. The player appeals to the MYCA executive who confirm his history of playing winter cricket. The MYCA requests the summer association to reset the expiry date for the first 4 weeks of the winter season (approx. 15 May). The summer association approves the MYCA request and changes the expiry date.*